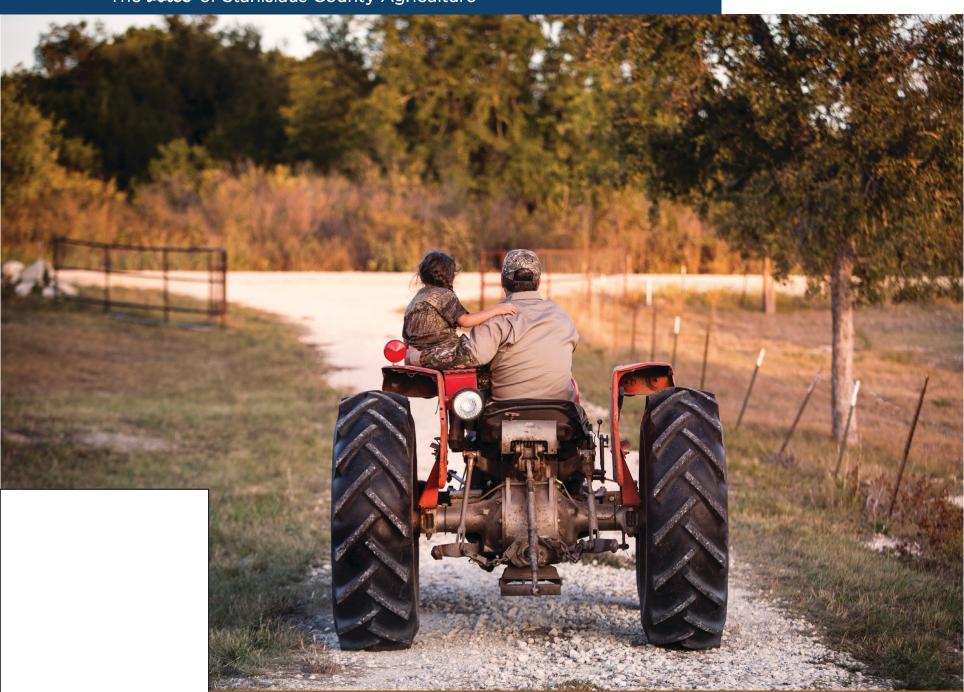
Stanislaus Farm News



The voice of Stanislaus County Agriculture

For the good of your food.



Official Publication of Stanislaus County Farm Bureau Vol.75 No.4 March 8, 2024

"Agriculture is our wisest pursuit because it will in the end contribute most to real wealth, good morals, and happiness." - Thomas Jefferson

In this Issue, Agriculture Safety and Compliance

Published Fridays by the Stanislaus County Farm Bureau

PHONE (209) 522-7278

FAX (209) 521-9938 email: farmnews@stanfarmbureau.org

advertising@stanfarmbureau.org
Stanislaus Farm News (ISSN: 8750-4960) Copyright © 2023 is published 24 times per year by the Stanislaus County Farm Bureau 1201 L St. Modesto, CA 95454. Call (209) 522-7278 to subscribe. Application to mail at Periodicals postage

prices is pending at Modesto, CA.

The Stanislaus Farm News will publish on the following dates in 2024: Jan 12, Feb 2, Feb 16, March 8, March 22, April 12, April 26, May 17, May 31, June 21, July 5, July 26, Aug 9, Aug 30, Sept 13, Oct 4, Oct 18, Nov 8, Nov 22, Dec 13

POSTMASTER: Send address changes to: 1201 L Street Modesto, CA 95354. Stanislaus County Farm Bureau does not assume responsibility for statements by advertisers or for products advertised in the Stanislaus Farm News. Farm Bureau does not assume responsibility for statements or expressions of opinion other than in editorials or in articles showing authorship by an officer of the Stanislaus County Farm Bureau.

Staff

CAITIE DIEMEL **Executive Manager** MARY CLEMENTS-HARRIS Administrative Assistant ANNA GENASCI
Communication & Education Director ABIGAIL DIRKSE Membership Director LARRY MURRAY Advertising Sales Tom Orvis Governmental Affairs Director MELISSA SOMMERVILLE Bookkeeper

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DOARD OF DIRE	
Pres: Eric Heinrich	605-3663
Ist VP:Kelly Fogarty	202-870-3342
2nd VP:Vance Ahlem	535-4521
Sec:Vince Dykzeul	480-5900
Treas: Corinne Santos	265-6075
Past President: Jacob Wenge	
NORTHWEST:	1 404-3040
Joey Gonsalves	705 4440
Stuart Layman	652-7822
Dave Van Klaveren	
Keri Layne	
Tom Ulm	
Paul Vermeulen	988-3661
NORTHEAST:	
Rod Gambini	996-6294
Jacob DeBoer	. 805-704-5304
Ryan Valk	
Pete Dykzeul	
Kurt Hoekstra	765-2032
Ray Lial Jr	
EASTSIDE:	321-3232
Jeff Daniels	600 0600
Michael Frantz	605-7724
Alex VanderStoel	
David Absher	
Tim Roos	
Randy Weststeyn	499-9775
SOUTHERN:	
Adam Crowell	610-6306
Tim Sanders	
Ray Souza	678-1871
Trevor Cordova	402-3203
Arby Hoobyar	505-0555
Darrell Cordova	
WESTSIDE:	
Daniel Bays	681-6510
Matt Maring	
Jessica Filippini	
Bill Cox	404 8807
Rob Brooks	
Jerry Goubert	
Jerry Goubert	551-5790
YF&R:	
Mark Avilla	005 0620
IVIAIN AVIIIA	905-0020
AT LARGE:	
Ron Peterson	606-8021
CFBF DISTRICT 13 REP.:	
	000 0004
Ron Peterson	000-8021



Thank you for your Membership. For the GOOD of your FOOD.





STANISLAUS COUNTY FARM BUREAU ANNUAL MEETING **GUEST SPEAKER**

> Amberley Snyder Thursday, April 25, 2024



SCFB MISSION STATEMENT

To serve as the voice of Stanislaus County agriculture at all levels of government, while providing programs to assist its farms and family members and educate the general public of needs and importance to agriculture.



FRIDAY REVIEW

LEGISLATIVE AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Air Quality

CARB offers downloadable calendars for meetings they hold regarding Drayage, Advanced Clean Fleets (ACF), Clean Truck Check, Transport Refrigeration Unit (TRU), Zero-Emission Airport Shuttle, and Innovative Clean Transit (ICT) regulations. You can access the calendars at this link. Staff: Steven Fenaroli, sfenaroli@cfbf.com CARB is holding the second session of the Truck Regulation Implementation Group (TRIG) meeting to discuss infrastructure and rule provisions on March 11 at 1 PM. Registration is required. Participants can register at this link. Staff: Steven Fenaroli, sfenaroli@cfbf.com

GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENTS TRAINING

California Farm Bureau is holding a Gubernatorial Appointments Training on April 1, 2024 at 7:30 PM. The training with Chief Deputy Appointments Secretary Morgan Carvajal from the Governor's office is a stellar opportunity for Farm Bureau members to learn the ins and outs of applying for board and commissions. The training is possible because of our partnership with APAPA who are facilitating the training through the Governor's office. Registration is required. Participants can register at this link.

Staff: Steven Fenaroli, sfenaroli@cfbf.com

Budget

Senate Subcommittee 2 met this week to go over some key departments for their budget this coming year. Farm Bureau testified to ensure that we continue funding both the Wolf Compensation Fund and the Farmer program. Both programs directly benefit farmers and ranchers and while

this is a challenging budget year, let us at least ensure we provide some funding until the budget picture looks better! Staff: Chris Reardon, creardon@cfbf.com

Forestry

2024 FOREST LEGACY GRANT SOLICITATION UPDATE

Within the next few weeks, CAL FIRE's Forest Legacy Program will release up to \$10 million in funding for Forest Legacy Grants to conserve and protect environmentally important privately-owned forestland. The purpose of the Forest Legacy Program is to protect environmentally important forestland threatened with conversion to non-forest uses. The primary tool CAL FIRE uses to conserve forest lands in perpetuity is permanent Working Forest Conservation Easements (WFCEs). Under this competitive grant program, CAL FIRE purchases or accepts donations of conservation easements or fee titles of productive forest lands from willing sellers, to encourage long-term conservation throughout the state.

The 2024 Forest Legacy Grant Solicitation will launch in two parts, including a pre-application, which will be ranked and scored, with successful pre-applicants invited to complete a full application. When the funding is released, the Forest Legacy Program web page will be updated to include the grant guidelines, eligibility requirements, and deadlines.

Please direct any questions to forestlegacy@ fire.ca.gov.

Thank you, Forest Legacy Team forestlegacy@fire.ca.gov

Water

FIRST BATCH OF STATE WATER BILLS FOR 2024

Friday, February 16 was the deadline for new bills to be introduced in the California Legislature. As of month's end, there are 17 substantive bills Farm Bureau is tracking specifically for their water- or water-related aspects. None of these bills have yet been heard in committee. An additional 20 "spot bills" related to water were introduced, with substantive language yet to be amended in. One bill, AB 828 (Assemblymember Damon Connolly, D San Rafael), was introduced in 2023 but the author waited to take it up until this past January. The bill is related to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. It would exempt disadvantaged communities and managed wetlands from fees imposed by groundwater sustainability agencies and would omit them from compliance with pumping restrictions imposed on other well owners in a basin. AB 828 passed the Assembly on January 29. Farm Bureau opposes. The newly introduced water-related bills of relevance to Farm Bureau members are:

- AB 1798 (Assemblymember Diane Papan, D San Mateo) Would require the California Department of Transportation to develop a programmatic environmental review process and establish a pilot project to prevent 6PPD and 6PPD-quinone from entering salmon- and steelhead-bearing surface waters of the state.
- AB 1827 (Assemblymember Diane Papan, D San Mateo) – Would allow water utilities/ local governments to increase water service

From "REVIEW" on page 3

fees and charges if a parcel's increased water use results in higher costs for the utility.

- AB 1998 (Assemblymember Devon Mathis, R Porterville) – Would require the California Department of Fish and Wildlife to track and account for separately from other departmental budgeting any revenue it collects or costs it incurs during the environmental review process under the California Environmental Quality Act. For example, such revenue could include CEQA filing fees, and costs could be staff time for document review and consultation.
- AB 2060 (Assemblymember Esmeralda Soria, D Fresno) – Would exempt projects to divert water during flood periods from the requirement to obtain a streambed alteration permit from the Department of Fish and Wildlife.
- AB 2162 (Assemblymember Diane Papan, D San Mateo) – Would direct the Department of Fish and Wildlife to develop an expedited permitting process for aquaculture operations and marine restoration projects.
- AB 2196 (Assemblymember Damon Connolly, D San Rafael) – Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to develop a beaver restoration program statewide develop a licensing scheme to issue and administer permits for the capture, handling, transport, and release of beavers on public and private lands.
- AB 2318 (Assemblymember Diane Papan, D San Mateo) – Would require the State Water Board post on its internet website by January 1 of each year a report describing the receipts and expenditures of the State Water Pollution Cleanup and Abatement Account.
- AB 2409 (Assemblymember Diane Papan, D San Mateo) – Would require the Governor's Office of Planning and Research to establish a public website that would track and provide information about every permit issued by state agencies for any project.

- AB 2450 (Assemblymember Cecilia Aguiar-Curry, D Winters) – Would adopt and approve the Lower Cache Creek Flood Risk Management Project.
- AB 2501 (Assemblymember David Alvarez, D San Diego) - Would authorize the State Water Board, on behalf of itself or a regional board, to accept funds from public agencies, foundations, or other not-forprofit entities for planning, permitting, or providing technical support for projects of public benefit in the state board's or regional board's jurisdiction.
- AB 2875 (Assemblymember Laura Friedman, D Glendale) - Would declare that it is the policy of the state to ensure no net loss and long-term gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands acreage and values in California.
- ACA 16 (Assemblymember Isaac Bryan, D Los Angeles) - Would amend the California Constitution to declare that the people have a right to clean air and water and a healthy environment.
- SB 973 (Senator Shannon Grove, R Bakersfield) – Would allow county boards of supervisors to cancel Williamson Act contracts without paying a 12.5% fee if the parcel will be used for a solar development project and the landowner commits to permanently reducing the parcel's water right or allocation.
- SB 1088 (Senator Marie Alvarado-Gil, D Jackson) – Would establish a Rural and Small Community Fire Resilience Program for the distribution of state matching funds to communities within the Wildland Urban Interface, or WUI, to improve water system

infrastructure.

- SB 1156 (Senator Melissa Hurtado, D Sanger) – Would require executive staff and board directors at groundwater sustainability agencies to annually disclose any economic or financial interests pursuant to the Political Reform Act of 1974 that may reasonably be considered to affect their decision-making related to groundwater management.
- SB 1218 (Senator Josh Newman, D Fullerton) – Would declare that it is the established policy of the state to encourage and incentivize the development of emergency water supplies, and to support their use during times of water shortage.
- SB 1390 (Senator Anna Caballero, D Merced) – Would extend the period of eligibility for use of the recently-enacted emergency recharge diversion permit exemptions by five years, to 2034, and allow for the exemptions to apply under local or regional flood declarations instead of statewide flood declarations only.

Neto's Chicken BBQ Dinner Fundraiser Benefitting



Stanislaus County 4-H Summer Camp



Tuesday - March 26th, 2024

Drive Thru Pick Up from 4 pm - 7 pm at Netos: 1318 N Golden State Blvd, Turlock

\$20.00 per meal ticket

Meal Includes: 1/2 Chicken, Beans, Salad, Bread Roll + Butter

How to Get Tickets:

Contact a staff member or counselor

Visit the 4-H Office at 3800 Cornucopia Way # A Modesto, CA 95358

Alternate Support Options

Any size donation is welcome and helpful! Be a sponsor! For a minimum \$100 donation, we'll include your logo on a "Thank You Sponsors" flier included in every meal bag

Address checks to: Stanislaus County 4-H Summer Camp Donation checks can be mailed/dropped off at the office, or brought to the Neto's dinner.





Almond Update: Upcoming Pest **Management Workshops**

By: Brian German Ag News Director / AgNet West

The Almond Board of California (ABC) is gearing up to host a series of pest management workshops in the coming weeks. ABC Outreach and Education Specialist Gary Castillo said the events will be held from 8:30 a.m. to 11 a.m. with check-in beginning at 8:15 a.m. A total of four workshops are scheduled throughout the state, to give industry members more opportunities to participate.

"The target audience for this is anybody that's involved in some of the pest management decisions inside the field," Castillo noted. "That can range from PCAs to growers as well as anybody kind of involved in that decision making process."

The first of the "Management of Key Pests in Your Orchard" workshop series will be held on March 12 at the Glenn Success Conference Center in Orland. The following day in Modesto, the March 13 workshop will take place at the Stanislaus County Harvest Hall. April 2 will be the third workshop in the series and will be held at the Merced County Farm Bureau. The final event will take place in Bakersfield on April 3 at the Kern Agriculture Pavilion.

Presentations will cover current integrated pest management (IPM) practices for new and emerging insect pests. "We'll have a numerous amount of speakers ranging from Lauren Fann from the Almond Board, Abigail Welch from Semios, Thomas Martin from Trécé, Houston Wilson from UC Riverside, David Haviland and Ihalendra [Rijal] from UC ANR, and then Jesse Roseman from the Almond Board as well," said Castillo.

Speakers will be highlighting pests such as navel orangeworm and the Carpophilus beetle. There will also be information on IPM incentives that are available from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Castillo said the workshops will be a more intimate event to allow for more interaction among participants. "With some of these smaller events that we put on, we definitely encourage engagement from the audience," Castillo explained.

Registration information for the pest management workshops is available at Almonds.com/events.

LEADERS IN NUT HARVESTING EQUIPMENT



34 Series Sweeper







8770 Self Propelled Nut Harvester



ST14 Shuttle Truk

Sales and Service

California Contractors License 708487

For the finest in Agriculture Equipment and Metal Fabrication

See all our products at goflory.com 209-545-1167 Salida, CA

RAYCO INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY

Locally Owned and Operated Since 1969

Air Compressors

Used Tool and Machinery Dealer Steam and High Pressure Cleaners Metal Working Tools and Machinery

Power Tools. Wood Working Tools and Machinery Hand Tools, Abrasives, Saw Blades and Safety Supplies

Automotive Tools and Equipment. Shop Heaters and Coolers

The Largest Selection of Heavy Duty Shop Tools and Machinery In Northern California

Modesto (209) 529-8984

Turlock (209) 632-2315

512 RIVER ROAD

712 LANDER AVENUE



Topping & Hedging (Fall 2021: Hedging Down to 2')

Skirting

Dual Mechanical Brush Stacking

Almond/Walnut Conditioning

Orchard Management



Phil Rumble: (209) 996-1517

Matt Rumble: (209) 996-8161



FREE ADS FOR FARM BUREAU MEMBERS

As another membership service, Farm Bureau members are offered FREE classified advertising in the Stanislaus Farm News. Ads must be 18 words or less and only one ad per month per membership (membership number required.) Ads may be MAILED to the Stanislaus Farm News, or BROUGHT to the SCFB office, 1201 L Street, Downtown Modesto. NO PHONE-IN OR FAX free ads will be accepted. Free ads are restricted to farm machinery or equipment or unprocessed farm products. Farm jobs wanted or offered will also be accepted. No real estate ads and no commercial items or services will be accepted. 209-522-7278

Classified Ad's \$4.40 per run.

COPY DEADLINE: MONDAY 12 NOON

RATES: Display rates on request. Terms are cash. Ads should be paid for at time of first insertion or immediately after receipt of bill if order is placed by telephone or mail.

ERRORS: The Stanislaus Farm News will not be liable for more than one incorrect insertion. Errors must be called to the attention of the Classified Advertising Department not later than 4 p.m. on the Tuesday following publication of the ad. Claims for adjustment must be made within 15 days. We reserve the right to reject or revise any advertisement.

120 SPECIAL NOTICES

REPLACEMENT WINDOWS CUT YOUR ENERGY BILLS ELIMINATE **DUST & NOISE**

Lowest Prices Guaranteed! Largest Selection in the Valley! Windows, Doors, Skylights, Soundproofing,

> Licensed, Bonded & Insured. Visit Our Showroom 1050 Kansas Ave., Modesto Cal Comfort Insulating Windows, Inc. Contractors Lic. #51317 Class C17B 209-527-1310 (TEN)

300 Employment

Service Mechanic, duties include greasing, changes air filters and oil, etc. Pays \$15/hour with a harvest bonus. Must be willing to work 6 days a week. Opportunity for longer employment based on job performance and experience. Call Jenn for more details: 209-648-7947

500 FARM EQUIPMENT

For Sale:

Heavy Duty Ripper - \$2500 Contact Arby: 209-505-0555 or text: 209-602-1400

Spring tooth with attached following harrow. 8 ft wide, 3 point hook-up asking \$1000 Brush rake. Rear push. 9ft wide adjustable spacing for 4 or 5 forks asking \$1000 Text or leave VM for 209-505-1731

For Sale:

John Deere 5100ML low profile with Exact cab

Vrisimo flail mower - 12' & 8' PBM 500 gallon sprayer with electric valves (never used) Durand Wayland 500 gallon sprayer Domries float leveler - 12

Call Joe: 209-404-3326

Trailer axle with springs \$50, has two new tires 80" tread. Call 209-537-9491

Great Plains no-till corn planter 8-row model YP825A-0830 It has a john blue injection pump. Great condition. #22,000 OBO phone 209-874-4042 or 209-765-6298

Verisimo Might Max fail mower. Model # SC-100 asking \$5000 Orchard float roller 9ft wide asking \$1000 Text or leave a VM 209-505-1731

Estate Sale

Farm Equipment Antique Automobiles Call: 209-988-1583

510 LIVESTOCK

Kenyon Organic Services Organic Consulting Services Crop and Livestock Carol Kenyon (209) 484-1097 ck.cattle23@gmail.com

Sale Alfalfa. Best price, great quality. Bigger Bales especially suited to horses. Cook Valley Angus Ranches Modesto 209 996 7365 &

Available May- Oct

800 For Rent

House for Rent

\$1500.00 & Deposit \$1700 2 bedroom, 1 bathroom, Large kitchen & livingroom, Sinhle car garage, Riverbank 681-9286

Dairy for Rent Permitted for 614 Cows With Flush and Freestalls 400 head open heifer facility Turlock, Ca Call 209-678-2632

900 REAL ESTATE

Cherry Orchard In the Wood Colony

59+/- Acres. Excellent soil comprised of 75% Hanford sandy loam (HdpA), MID irrigation with micro let sprinklers. 2,500 sq. ft. Metal Barn included. \$2,330,000 Simvoulakis Real Estate 209.985.9700 BRE #705092

Wanted: Lease ALMOND Ground 20-40 acres Denair/Hughson/Waterford Contact: 209-652-0782 gtintheair@hotmail.com

1000 SERVICES

Electrical and Refrigeration Service No job to small. Troubleshooting, upgrades on home, ranch, dairy, and commercial buildings. 209-648-7748

Martin Reyes

Land leveling, Discing Chiseling Lice.#954989 (209) 605-4079

Noeller Farm

farm & ranch management Almond, Peaches, Walnuts custom Almond & Walnuts (209) 883-2417 or (209) 606-2084

1000 SERVICES

PROAG Commercial

Orchard, vineyard \$ herbicide applications

Matt, 209-613-3227 Justin Visit proag.webs.com

Custom Nut Harvesting SHAKING, SWEEPING AND HARVESTING

Woodbridge Spraving

Field Spraying Orchard Spraying Backhoe

Grinding Service Brush • Stumps • Huller Twigs Davis Ag & Ranch Clean Up CA. Contractor Lic#796783

We haul Rock, Sand, Gravel, Demolition Clean Up & Removal, Lic. # 884701

Structural • Fabrication • General

Call Lencioni Farm Services

Premier California Properties Ag/Investment Properties Marcus Haney Realtor #01917446 Contact me at 209/605-6727 www.premiercaproperties.com

1100 MISCELLANEOUS

METAL BUILDINGS Provided & installed, interior upgrades available, fully engineered, references available. Active Industrial Contracting Michael Frost - 613-3548. Lic. #735904 (TFN)

LOW COST HOUSING Largest Inventory in Valley of Preowned Mobile Homes. Approx. 100 to choose from. Priced to fit your Budget. Transportation Available. DLR. 209-632-0854

Wanted:

Cash paid for OLD Barn and Shop items; vintage tools, unwanted junk, old bottles & oil cans 209-774-6582

Ag. Spraying

209-613-6355 Pat, 209-678-8072

RON MARTELLA

883-4819 or 883-0690

380-0727 (TFN)

Orchard Brush Pile

209-670-5278

Tree Holes, Irrigation Lines & More.

Home-(209) 848-0538 Cell (209) 525-7715 (TFN)

Specializing in: B.B.Q Steaks - Ribs

Wilson Portable Welding Repair

- · Dairy Repair · Ag Repair •Mobile - 765-3596
- Shop 524-3016 (TFN)

Need help with your Farm Labor? 209-537-2186



Pork - Chicken

Party Platters

Deli Spreads

Seasoned Meats

Fred's Portuguese Beans

VAN DE POL

ALL OCCASIONS / FREE ESTIMATES

FRED NETO & SONS

(209) 669-FRED

Fax (209) 669-0545

FUELS & LUBRICANTS

Celebrating 75 years of serving the San Joaquin Valley!

ROOFING • FENCING • PLYWOOD • SIDING

Let's Build Together

Since 1953

Denair Location: (209) 632-2494

Riverbank Location: (209) 869-4424

www.DenairLumberCo.com

HARDWARE • INSULATION • WINDOWS • O.S.B.

Commitment to Excellence

1318 N. Golden State Boulevard, Turlock, CA

We're your strategic partner - delivering great service with roots in the local community.

Performance delivered.

Fuels | Lubricants | Renewable Diesel Industrial Fluids | Diesel Exhaust Fluid 209.667.0236 | vandepol.us

Over 140,000 Farms Lost in 5 Years Source: American Farm Bureau

Between 2017 and 2022, the number of farms in the U.S. declined by 141,733 or 7%, according to USDA's 2022 Census of Agriculture, released on Feb. 13. Acres operated by farm operations during the same timeframe declined by 20.1 million (2.2%), a loss equivalent to an area about the size of Maine. Only 1.88% of acres operated and 1% of farm operations were classified under a non-family corporate farm

Conducted every five years, the Census of Agriculture collects data on land use and ownership, producer characteristics, production practices, income and expenditures. USDA defines a farm as an operation that produced and sold, or normally would have sold, \$1,000 or more of agricultural products during the census year.

While the number of farm operations and acres operated declined, the value of agricultural production increased, rising from \$389 billion in 2017 to \$533 billion in 2022 (40% nominally and 17% adjusted for inflation). These updated numbers highlight the continuing trend of fewer operations farming fewer acres of land but producing more each year.

In addition to Ag Census data, USDA releases



survey-based estimates on farm numbers once every year. Using this annual survey data dating back to 1950, the trend of fewer operations farming fewer acres becomes even more obvious. Since 1950, the number of farm operations has declined by 3.75 million (66%) and the number of acres farmed declined by 323 million (27%) – slightly less than twice the size of Texas. Technological advancements that have increased productivity, such as feed conversion ratios in livestock and yield per acre in crops, have allowed farmers and ranchers to produce more with less even as the U.S. population more than doubled, going from 159 million in 1950 to 340 million in 2023, and the global population more than tripled (2.5 billion to 8 billion) during the same period.

Farm Operations

Between 2017 and 2022 all states but five (Alaska, Delaware, Iowa, Maryland, New Jersey and Rhode Island) lost farms. Texas had the largest numerical loss – nearly 18,000 farm operations - followed by Oklahoma (-8,153) and Missouri (-7,433). Iowa gained the most farm operations (+807) followed distantly by Alaska (+183). In terms of percentage loss of farm operations, New Mexico experienced the largest decline (-16.2%) followed by Arizona (-12.5%) and Wyoming (-11.7%). Alaska's 183-farm gain was the largest percent increase at 18.5%. Though the presence of regional trends in farm operation losses appears limited, drought conditions that battered much of the West in 2021 and 2022 may be responsible, in part, for higher farm loss percentages in those states. Across states that gained farms, most were within the category of earning over \$1 million in sales except in Alaska where the biggest gains were in farms earning between \$5,000 and \$50,000. Area Operated The 2022 census also indicates a decline of just

over 20 million acres (2.2% of total) in acreage operated. Colorado led in terms of numerical decline, with 1.6 million fewer acres being farmed in 2022 compared to 2017, followed by Texas (-1.56 million), and Oklahoma (-1.26 million). Only three states, Alabama, Alaska and Rhode Island, had increases in operated area. By percent decline, the map of operated acreage looks quite different. Hawaii leads with a loss of 7.2% of operated area followed by Virginia and Maine both experiencing a loss of 6.3% and Washington experiencing a loss of 5.6% between 2017 and 2022. Counties in the West had the largest swings in acreage operated, likely linked to the sheer size of counties with

See "Census" on page 16



Since 1986

 State of the Art Equipment ·80' Truck Scale

- Maximized Returns Owner Operated
- Inshell line complete with Satake color sorter
- ·High Capacity dryer for bin or bulk loads

Peter Verdegaal 209-628-1008

Office 209-356-0210

8016 Winton Way, Winton Serving Stanislaus & Merced Counties



Safeguarding Success: Safety Program Essentials

By: Theresa Kiehn, AgSafe President/CEO

Since 1991 all California employers with ten or more employees are required to have a written Injury and Illness Prevention Program (IIPP). Even though it has been over 30 years since the regulation went into effect, the IIPP is still one of the most cited violations by Cal/OSHA across all industries, including agriculture. The citations under this code vary greatly, from not having a plan at all to failing to review it with your employees on a regular basis. The beginning of the new year is a great opportunity to give your safety program time and attention before the season kicks off. In this article, we will cover the basic elements of your required programs and pitfalls you should avoid.

#1 Basic Elements of an IIPP

An effective IIPP improves safety and health in your workplace and reduces costs

through good management and employee involvement. The eight required Injury and Illness Prevention Program elements are:

- Responsibility this section identifies who in your operation has the authority and responsibility for implementing the provisions of the IIPP.
- Compliance this component outlines the system that ensures all workers comply with the rules for maintaining a safe work environment.
- Communication this element captures the plan for facilitating a continuous flow of two-way communication between management, supervisors and employees.
- Hazard Assessment periodic inspections of the workplace are essential to evaluating and reevaluating safety concerns; this section outlines the formalized plan for timely assessments.
- Accident/Exposure Investigation this section identifies the actions to be taken in the case of an actual incident or nearmiss to help identify the root cause and then take corrective action.
- Hazard Correction this component identifies the process for correcting unsafe or unhealthy workplace conditions, prac-

tices or procedures.

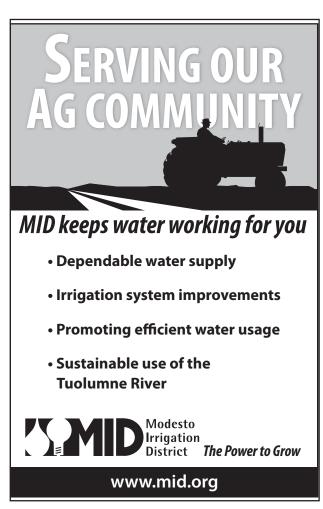
- Training and Instruction as with any plan, there needs to be training to aid in implementation. This element provides details as to who, when and what needs to be trained.
- Recordkeeping this section outlines documentation requirements.

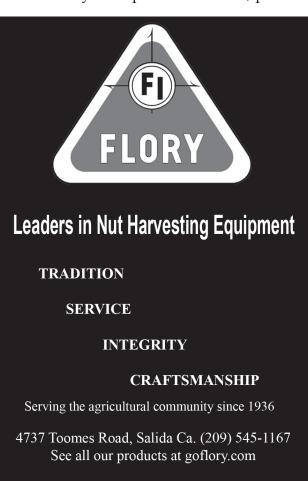
To be effective your IIPP must address the following areas:

- Fully involve all employees, supervisors and management.
- Identify the specific workplace hazards to which employees may be exposed.
- Correct identified hazards in an appropriate and timely manner.
- Provide effective training. For useful tools in creating or updating your IIPP, take advantage of Cal/OSHA's IIPP e-tool at: https://www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/etools/09-031/how.htm.

#2 Heat Illness Prevention Plan

The employer must develop, put in writing, and implement effective procedures for complying with the requirements of







T8 CCR 3395, the Heat Illness Prevention Plan (HIPP). Each company needs to have a written heat illness prevention plan at the worksite, that contains the following elements, and include specific details as to how you will ensure that the provisions are met:

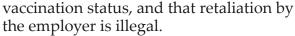
- The designated person(s) that have the authority and responsibility for implementing the plan in the field.
- Procedures for providing sufficient water.
- Procedures for providing access to shade.
- High-heat procedures.
- Emergency response procedures. (including lone workers)
- Acclimatization methods and procedures

Remember to consider the size of your crew, the length of the work day, ambient temperatures, and any additional personal protective equipment (PPE) that contributes as additional heat sources. The plan needs to be in English and also the language understood by the majority of the employees. Like the IIPP, Cal/OSHA has an HIPP e-tool to assist with drafting your program: https://www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/etools/08-006/index.htm.

#3 COVID-19 Prevention Plan

Employers are also required to have CO-VID-19 Prevention Plan included in their IIPP or as a standalone safety program until February 3, 2025. The elements of your plan should include the following:

- Determine measures to prevent COVID-19 transmission and identify and correct COVID-19 hazards.
- Provide COVID-19 training to employees.
- Investigate and respond to COV-ID-19 cases in the workplace.
- Exclude from the workplace CO-VID-19 cases until they meet return to work criteria and implement effective policies to prevent transmission after close contact.
- Make testing available at no cost to employees.
- During an outbreak make COVID-19 testing available to all employees within the exposed group.
- Notify employees who had close contact in the workplace.
- Require and provide face coverings and respirators in the manner and in the circumstances specified in the COVID-19 Prevention regulations.
- Advise employees they can wear face coverings at work regardless of their



- Improve indoor ventilation and air filtration to prevent COVID-19 transmission.
- Require respiratory protection during aerosolizing procedures.
- Keep records of COVID-19 cases at the workplace.
- Maintain records of COVID-19 cases, and report serious illnesses and outbreaks to Cal/OSHA and to the local health department when required.

Cal/OSHA has posted Model COVID-19 Prevention policies and procedures on its website for employers to use.

Coming Soon: Workplace Violence Prevention Program

By July 1, 2024, employers must develop a written program addressing workplace violence prevention. Just as with the other required programs, Cal/OSHA released a model program in February, along with a fact sheet for agricultural operations. To review these materials, please visit https:// www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/puborder.asp.

Reminders

It is important to develop an IIPP that fits the unique needs of your operation. When including specifics in your plan, ensure you can meet those benchmarks and appropriate documentation is occurring. Cal/OSHA will cite an operation based on what was included in their IIPP and review your training records. Additionally, make sure to review programs with your team annually and make it available upon request. If you should need assistance with creating or implementing any of your safety programs, please connect with our team via email at safeinfo@agsafe.org or call (209) 526-4400.

AgSafe is a 501c3 nonprofit providing training, education, outreach, and tools in the areas of worker safety, human resources, labor relations, and pesticide safety issues for the agricultural community. Since 1991, AgSafe has educated over 100,000 employers, supervisors, and workers on these critical issues.



Weekend Storm System Brings California Snowpack Up to Average

By:Brian German Ag News Director / AgNet West

The recent storm system that came through California has pushed the state's snowpack up to average. Last week when the Department of Water Resources conducted their manual snow survey, the statewide snowpack was measured at just 81 percent of the average. The Northern Sierra was in the best condition, at



91 percent of the average. The Central and Southern Sierras were at just 77 percent of the average.

Thanks to the cold stormfront that California experienced over the weekend, the statewide snowpack was measured at 104 percent of the average on Monday. The Northern Sierra remains in the best condition, at 111 percent of average. The Central Sierra increased to 104 percent of the average and the Southern Sierra improved to 94 percent of the average. Overall, the statewide summary shows the snowpack at 94 percent of the April 1 average, with a snow water equivalent of 24.4 inches.

Another storm system is also forecasted to come through the state. The National Weather Service shows multiple areas of northern California are still under a winter storm warning as of Monday. Expectations from the Weather Prediction Center are for "additional very heavy snowfall expected for higher mountain elevations." Between 12 and 24 inches of snow is forecasted in the Northern Sierra by Wednesday.



Retirement solutions for you and your employees.

Learn how you can contribute more.

Justin Ausher

Financial Advisor

6624 3rd St Riverbank, CA 95367 209-502-7556

MKT-5894M-A-A1 AECSPAD 21245658



exactcorp.com

Sharing knowledge

and providing services

Farm Bureau in 2023 provided educational opportunities for members and aspiring farmers and ranchers and supported school agriculture programs. Along the way, we made benefits available to our members and helped celebrate agriculture—from honoring farmland scenes to saluting the quintessential farm dog.

Farm Bureau Extension's 2023 series attracted **1,901 class registrations** from **313** participants for **10 continuing education sessions**. Meanwhile, Farm Bureau held **4 retirement plan webinars** and conducted **27 farm and ranch health and safety seminars** in English and Spanish.

The California Farm Bureau Scholarship Foundation awarded \$195,000 in scholarships to 40 students who intend to pursue careers as farmers, ranchers or in occupations related to agriculture. Farm Bureau also awarded 75 collegiate memberships to California FFA members who attended the Sacramento Leadership Experience conference. Our Young Farmers & Ranchers organization hosted 32 attendees at the YF&F Leaders Meeting in Fresno in July, which included farm tours, leadership development sessions, networking and program planning.

In a partnership with Nationwide, Farm Bureau members **raised nearly \$34,000** for the Blue Jacket Bonanza program. Throughout the year, Farm Bureau **awarded over 200 FFA jackets** to regional and sectional officers in California.

The California Foundation for Agriculture in the Classroom program, supported by Farm Bureau, attracted **20,000 students throughout California** to tune into California Farm Day presentations to celebrate agriculture and learn how the weather impacts California agriculture. **213 agriculture teachers** attended the state Ag in the Classroom Conference in Sacramento, **65% being first-time attendees**.

Ag in the Classroom awarded **\$52,500** to **425 educators** throughout California through grants to expand agricultural literacy efforts in 2023. **25 teachers** were awarded Literacy for Life grants, and **400 teachers** received Taste and Teach Grants. **12,031 teachers** viewed Ag in the Classroom resources on the Teachers Pay Teachers online marketplace, downloading more than **15,723 resources and lesson plans**.

More than 100,000 copies of Agriculture in the Classroom's **16-page** educational newspaper *What's Growin' On?* were distributed.

Meanwhile, Farm Bureau hosted its **42nd annual** photo contest, awarding **\$2,500 in cash prizes**. The contest drew **64 participants**, including **4 budding artist contestants**, with **183 photos** submitted, **double** the number of submissions from 2022. The 4th Annual Farm Dog of the Year contest drew **45 canine contenders**, with **\$1,000 awarded** to the grand prize winner.

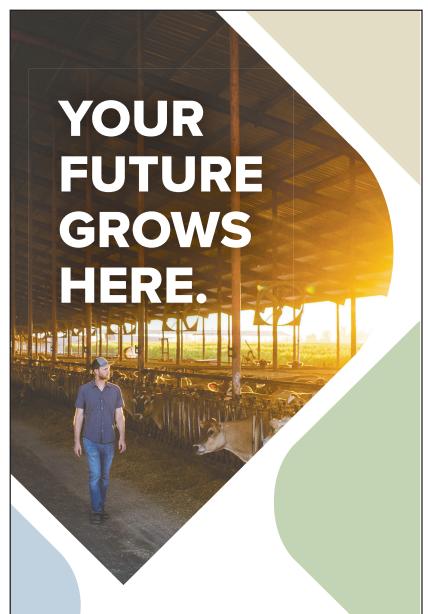
In 2023, Farm Bureau provided **32 benefit offerings** for members. They included Farm Bureau Retirement Plan benefits administered by Nationwide, citizenship services through the National Immigration Forum for employees of Farm Bureau members, plus home, auto, apparel and travel discounts, including **savings up to 30%** at Great Wolf Lodge resorts.





Farm Bureau Extension's series class registrations





COMMITTED TO SERVING YOUR NEEDS.

The change in agriculture today is just a glimpse of what lies ahead. It's why, more than ever, we are committed to being the partner you can trust, who understands your needs and delivers value to help you achieve your goals.

Wherever agriculture goes, we'll be there, alongside you, as you lead the way.



American $\mathsf{AgCredit}$

Your future grows here



Visit agloan.com/growyourfuture



Agricultural Pesticide Safety Culture for Pesticide Applicators

By: Judith Arroyo, Deputy Agricultural Commissioner/Sealer Stanislaus County Department of Agriculture & Weights and Measures

According to the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Agriculture ranks amongst the most hazardous industries. This is not necessarily the best marketing headline for an industry which has already struggled over the last three years with farm labor availability, even long before COVID existed. However, in relation to pesticide component of safety, over the last few years in California, the focus of agricultural pesticide related safety has been shifted from the agricultural workers to the residents of the rural communities and community exposure.

While our goal at the Stanislaus County Agricultural Commissioner's Office is to encourage safe and legal pesticide use to protect all stakeholders and the environment, the shift in direction of focus is concerning to me, not only because of my current job and past work experience, but as a Californian in general.

I recently had the opportunity to translate and present the Private Applicator Certificate PAC review session in Spanish. Over the last 7 months, the Stanislaus County Agricultural Commissioner's Office has presented a two-hour review session of the currently recommended study guide, Pesticide Safety: A Study Manual for Private Applicators, 3rd Edition, published by UC IPM and Burrowing Vertebrate Pest Fumigation, published by California Department of Pesticide Regulation.

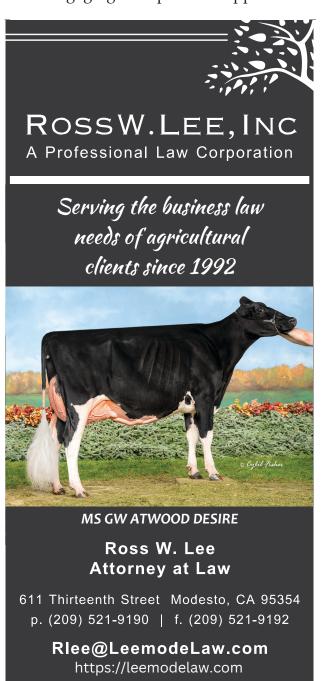
Both manuals are available in Span-

Having noticed the challenge that English learners have encountered in passing the test, we spent several hours trying to ensure our delivery included several definitions of the vocabulary words that we ourselves also had to ensure we understood. We created a dedicated Spanish PAC review and testing session in hopes to helping make the review information more relatable to this sector of our community while attempting to help them succeed in face of this challenge.

When I stood in front of the group, for my portion of the review session, I realized what having this certificate meant for the audience. For some of them, it was the importance of having the access to the Restricted Materials, for others perhaps a requirement of their job as pesticide handlers. But for all of them, it meant having a basic understanding how to be safe and minimize risk while applying pesticides. So, upon introduction, we made the purpose of the review session two-fold, achieving the knowledge required to stay safe and make safe spraying decisions, while also obtaining the certificate.

The first session gave us some learning opportunities. Independently of the effort made by my team and the candidates, the results revealed we still have some work to do. So therefore, we will try something different next time because "the definition of insanity is doing the same thing over and over again and expecting different results" is one quote that is commonly used within our team. Upon evaluation, the time needed to explain the vocabulary terms and ensure the participants understood these words and concepts, was not enough, and there is additional work that needs to be done to ensure the participants understand how to properly read a label which needs to happen before they come to the review session.

I encourage all stakeholders involved in agricultural pesticide safety to consider if the current methods or procedures are not giving the desired pesticide safety results, why are they not working? This is a very specific process for each farm, since there is no "one size that fits all" approach. But a few questions to begin with can be, are you encouraging your family, business partners and your employees to be safe with pesticides? Are your actions and words while engaging with pesticide applicators



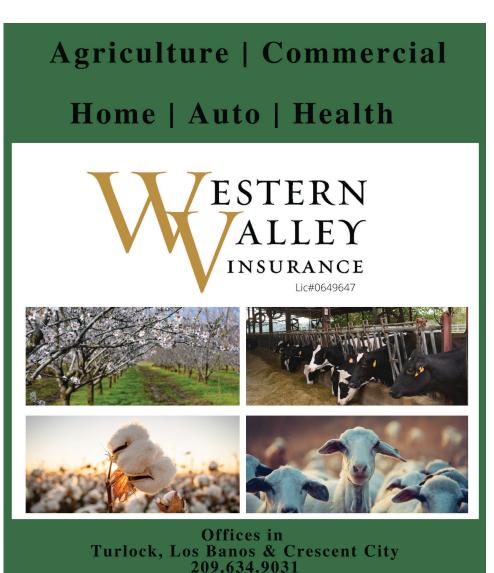
enough to make an impact to encourage them to be safe and act safe? Conducting at random site safety inspections can also help to reveal potential gaps.

The reality is that pesticide applicators do not need to hear about pesticide safety from their pesticide inspectors during an inspection, or from the trainers once a year, they need to hear about it from their work partners, family members, and supervisors and bosses, on the daily. More importantly, it should not only be heard but modeled. Pesticide safety on the farm, it's not information you write on a paper post to pass an inspection. It's not a decontamination box that has soap, paper towels and water and you must ensure is refilled before each job. Pesticide safety on the farm, is a way of being and bringing into consciousness that the safety of the person

matters, and that the task being conducted in a safe and risk minimizing manner matters, for the safety and well-being of others and for risk management of the farm itself. In most instances, personal protective equipment is not comfortable to wear. However, for an employee to hear the need for and the reason to wear it, from someone directly involved and engaged in their workplace, may be more meaningful than just following a checklist or hearing it during one of our Continuing Education presentations. It is exponentially more effective to see peers and supervisors wearing it as well and modeling effective pesticide safety culture of the farm.

Under the threat of trivializing worker/applicator health and their knowledge empowerment over pretentious hashtags and buzzwords, let's not lose focus of those

who are indeed at the greatest risk and pose the greatest risk of pesticide exposure - pesticide applicators. Ensuring understanding and engagement using what works for your pesticide applicator team can help to empower them to be more safety conscientious and make safe decisions. Employing sufficient training, knowledge retention, reinforcement, and sometimes those short but meaningful one on ones, can help to ensure pesticide applicators become the best farm risk management team.



www.westernvalley.com



2024 TRAININGS

Register here: https://stanfarmbureau.org/events/



March 5, 2024 Pesticide Handler & Fit Testing

8:00-12:00pm - Spanish

1:00-5:00pm - English

This is an annual training required by the Department of Pesticide Regulation.

Pricing: Member \$60/Nonmember \$75

May 23, 2024 Heat Illness Prevention

9:00-10:00am - Spanish

10:00-11:00am - English

CalOSHA requires this training annually for outdoor employees.

Pricing: Member \$40/Nonmember \$50

June 27, 2024 CPR & First Aid

8:00-12:00pm - Spanish

1:00-5:00pm - English

CalOSHA requires that at least 1 employee for every 20 employees be trained.

Pricing: Member \$100/Nonmember \$125

July 25, 2024 Tractor Safety

9:00-10:00am - Spanish

10:00-11:00am - English

CalOSHA requires that employees who operate equipment be trained annually. Pricing: Member \$40/Nonmember \$50

October 24, 2024 Hazardous Ag Materials (HAM)

8:00-9:30am - English

10:00-11:30am - Spanish

Everyone operating a class C vehicle carrying hazardous material must be trained.

Pricing: Member \$40/Nonmember \$50

November 22, 2024 Spray Safe - Save the Date

Classes in English & Spanish.

Employer & Employee Tracks

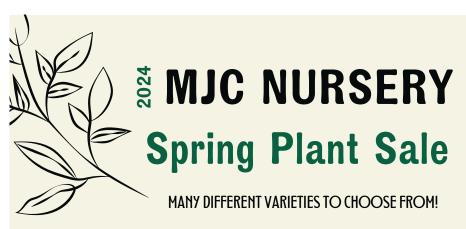
Earn those Continuing Education Credits
Pricing: Free

Thank you to our Sponsors!











WHEN? SATURDAY, APRIL 6TH

8AM - 2PM



BEHIND THE AG BUILDING COLDWELL & COLLEGE



QUESTIONS? CONTACT SCHMIDIGK@YOSEMITE.EDU OR CALL (209) 575-6200



Preventing AG Equipment Theft with GPS Tracking Devices

By: Stanislaus County Sheriff's Office

A tractor can easily cost over \$100,000, but smaller less expensive tractors are also popular targets, too. Smaller tractors are often a more popular target for thieves, as stealing them is much easier.

Thieves are able to load smaller tractors onto a trailer that can easily be pulled with a pickup truck. Smaller tractors are also easy to hide and store. Sometimes, this equipment is stored in a rural location for a few years until the perpetrator thinks it's safe to resell. Sometimes it's also shipped across the border to Mexico where it can't be tracked.

With all of that in mind, farm equipment theft is a very real threat to modern farms. So, what can be done to prevent it and how can a GPS tracker for farm equipment play a role in reducing the risk and associated costs?

To put it simply, a GPS tracker is your best bet at getting your equipment back if it goes missing. Since 2022, the Stanislaus County Sheriff's Department has investigated countless tractor theft investigations where the stolen tractor had a GPS device attached prior to the theft. As a result of the GPS device, the Sheriff's Department has had a 100% recovery rate on all those cases.

A GPS tracker is very small and extremely lightweight. It's also portable and wireless, allowing you to attach it to an object—like somewhere discreet on your farm equipment, so that you can track its location in real time. You'll likely need to sign up for a cheap subscription to keep the device active, but most work around the world and have a handful of features to make tracking easier.

Majority of GPS tracking devices allow you to set a geofence that will alert you the moment the tracker goes beyond it. They also send a notification as soon as the device detects movement or vibration, such as the engine starting up. Most devices will send a text message or email the moment you piece of equipment leaves the designated geofence area or starts to move.

As equipment theft grows in popularity manufacturers have adapted to the current trends and have begun offering tracking devices to be purchased as an add on for new equipment or to be placed on your current equipment.

If you decide to install a GPS tracking device, please look for a discreet location, as thieves often search a piece of equipment for a GPS tracking device. If installed properly, thieves may not be able to locate the device, resulting in successful recovery and arrest after the theft.

The Stanislaus County Sheriff's office Rural crimes unit has been designed to be a quick and efficient resource to our Agriculture community. With the use of GPS thieves have little to no chance of retaining stolen equipment and it significantly increases our recovery time and successful apprehension of the criminals involved.

From "Census" on page 7

a significant proportion of open and undeveloped land.

Even minor declines in farmed area can have a significant impact on the rural identity of states with smaller acreage and higher rates of commercial and residential development. The more land shifted out of agriculture production, the harder it is to return those acres to farming. Diminished production capacity within specific states and regions heightens dependence on purchases from other states or countries. For instance, Hawaii faces a unique situation with only enough production and food storage capacity to sustain itself for seven days, exacerbated by a 7% loss in actively farmed land over the past five years. In New England, on a weight basis, farmers produce only about 21% as much food as the states consume (with a portion of that going to outside buyers). Researchers have estimated that in order to reach 30% self-food-sufficiency, the six New England states would have to maximize the use of

401,000 existing underutilized acres and clear an additional 588,000 acres of land. Instead, acres operated in New England dropped by 145,000 between 2017 and 2022. Local regulatory dynamics, land use pressures and costs, and variations in cultural interests contribute to the shifting landscape of farming, often pushing it farther away from population centers.

Economic Class

New Ag Census data also allows analyses of farm numbers and area operated by economic class and the market value of agricultural products sold. Economic sales classes are defined by summing the sales of agricultural products and government program payments; and the market value of agricultural products sold represents the gross market value before taxes and production expenses of all agricultural products sold or removed from an operation in 2022. Between 2017 and 2022 the number of farms in

the \$0 - \$4,999 economic class dropped the most, by 120,970 (13%), followed by the \$5,000 - \$49,000 category, which lost 32,215 operations (5%). The category of farms in an economic class over a million grew by 28,566 operations (36%). The number of farms in lower economic classes shrunk at a faster rate than those in higher economic classes. That said, most ag production is generated by farms in higher economic classes. In 2017, 69% of the value of agricultural products sold was products by farms in the million-dollar-plus economic class. In 2022 this increased to 79% (Figure 8).

Farmers and ranchers currently face the highest production expenses on record, in addition to increasingly complex local, state and federal regulations and growing competition from lower-cost foreign markets. These dynamics shrink margins for producers and often more significantly impact farms in lower economic

See "Census" on page 21

FARM BUREAU

MEETS

COME CHAT WITH:







FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 2024 | 5:30-7:00 PM

HILMAR GRANGE HALL 8188 LANDER AVE, HILMAR

Come and enjoy an evening with fellow Farm Bureau members to discuss current topics impacting
California Agriculture

This is a free event open to all Farm Bureau members Light appetizers and drinks will be provided

To RSVP contact the Stanislaus County Farm Bureau at (209) 522-7278 or Merced County Farm Bureau at (209) 723-3001





DIRECTAPPLIANCE

209-238-3000

Determining the right Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for your farm

The following information is provided by Nationwide®, the #1 farm and ranch insurer in the *U.S.**

Farm machinery, chemicals, stored manure and livestock are just a few injury or illness hazards on farms and ranches. The right personal protective equipment (PPE) helps minimize exposure and the risk these types of hazards pose to health and safety.

"I remind myself and others to stop and think about the hazards of every job we do on the farm, then think about PPE that might protect you," said Nationwide Risk Management Consultant, farmer and agronomy specialist Derek Hommer.

Identifying hazards and risks Think about these types of hazards in assessing what poses you the greatest physi-

PACIFIC

cal risk on your farm or ranch:

- Chemical. Pesticides, fertilizer, stored manure and cleaning products can generate toxic fumes. Read and follow any product labels and follow any PPE guidelines. Likely PPE includes chemical-resistant gloves, eye protection, long pants and long-sleeved shirts, face coverings, aprons, closed-toe shoes and respirators.
- Physical. Safety goggles, ear protection, welding aprons/chaps, leather gloves and steel-toed boots all help prevent injuries when working with power tools and farm machinery that create physical injury risk.
- Biological. Exposure to bacteria, viruses or parasites from animals, manure, water or grain can cause serious illnesses. Wearing PPE like nitrile gloves and face coverings (surgical, N95 or full-face respirators) can help minimize risk of infection and illness.
- Environmental. Extreme temperatures, high noise levels and UV rays can lead to long-term adverse health effects.

Match PPE to the specific environmental hazards you face, like sunscreen when working in direct sunlight. Be aware of temperature extremes, dress appropriately and work in teams so workers can monitor one another for heat- or coldrelated illness.

Confined spaces Confined spaces on the farm like manure pits and grain bins pose specific

hazards. Most farms host a variety of confined spaces including grain bins, silos, manure pits, culverts, water tanks, tanker trucks and more. Confined spaces are often oxygen-deficient environments where selfrescue can be very difficult.

"Entering a confined space on the farm is serious business. You owe it to yourself to learn how to enter safely," Hommer said. "This this includes air monitoring, lock out/tag out, spotters, rescue harnesses and wearing the correct PPE."

PPE maintenance and farm worker training Maintenance of PPE is important to making sure it's effective in protecting you from potential hazards. Here are some key steps in maintaining PPE:

- Inspect your PPE before and after each use. Replace it if you notice any damage.
- Follow all rules on safe respirator use and maintenance. Pay attention to fit testing, serviceable life periods, inspection and cleaning. Use the correct respirator/cartridges.
- Clean your PPE according to manufacturer's instructions. Certain chemicals and dirt can degrade PPE material and reduce its effectiveness.
- Store PPE in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight and extreme temperatures. Improper storage can lead to degradation and reduce PPE's lifespan.
- Replace PPE at regular intervals depending on use or as suggested by the manufacturer.

Finally, provide PPE use and maintenance training for all farm workers. Post clear signage reminding workers to use PPE in areas where hazards are present.

Visit AgInsightCenter.com for more resources and expert tips to help you run a successful business and maintain the safety of your operation.

*A.M. Best Market Share Report 2022. Nationwide, the Nationwide N and Eagle, and Nationwide is on your side are service marks of Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company. © 2023 Nationwide



Number of farms continues to drop in California, mirroring national trends

Small-scale farmers continue to struggle to stay in business in California and across the country, according to the results of the 2022 Census of Agriculture, which was released last week by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. In California, the overall number of farms decreased 10% from 2017 to 2022, while the average acreage per farm increased 10%. The USDA conducts the census every five years. The number of farms in California peaked at 87,991 in 1997. Since 2007, the number has declined in each census, falling to 63,134 in 2022.

Dairy herds shrink to 20-year low as farmers breed more cows for beef

Dairy farmers looking to buy young heifers to replace their older milking cows should get used to the sticker shock for a while, as the nation's dairy heifer inventory has plummeted to a 20-year low. Reduced supplies of dairy heifers could limit the nation's ability to produce more milk, people in the industry say, and reversing the trend will take at least two to three years. How soon farmers respond will depend on market conditions—for milk and for beef. Dairy replacement heifers have dwindled because dairy farmers have turned to breeding more of their dairy cows with beef genetics.

Bees go to work, pollinating California almond orchards

Dealing with a mix of extreme weather during bloom, California growers and beekeepers are hopeful that Mother Nature provides plenty of sunny days so honeybees can leave their colonies and pollinate the 2024 almond crop. Pollination of the state's 1.37 million bearing acres of almonds requires 2.5 million beehives provided by California and out-of-state beekeepers, according to the Almond Board of California. Heavy rainfall this month caused headaches for some beekeepers who had trouble accessing muddy orchards and dealt with stuck equipment when moving bees.

2024 water-delivery pledges remain low, but don't account for recent storms
State and federal water officials last week

announced preliminary water deliveries of 15% of requested supplies for 2024 from the State Water Project and the federal Central Valley Project. But both the California Department of Water Resources and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation said the water-delivery pledges don't take into account recent and anticipated storms expected to add to California's water supply. The recent storms boosted water levels in some key reservoirs as well as snowpack in the Sierra Nevada.

Winegrape production outpaces demand California winegrape growers may be victims of their own success after harvesting a larger than average crop last fall during a cool growing season that has experts optimistic about the quality of the vintage. The 2023 crop came in at nearly 3.7 million tons, up from 3.3 million tons in 2022. But the production increase comes as U.S. wine sales dropped 9% in 2023, the third consecutive year of decline after more than a decade of flattening growth. The weakened consumer demand and the large bulk wine inventory has made it harder for growers to sell their fruit on the spot market.

Fertilizer prices stabilize, but worries persist over weather, global factors

After sharp spikes in fertilizer prices in 2022, farmers saw some relief last year as prices stabilized. With the 2024 planting season nearing, analysts say they're watching weather issues that could disrupt spring planting and transportation of fertilizers, as well as geopolitics that could affect fertilizer trade and production. Lower prices last year increased demand for fertilizer, and usage is expected to continue growing in 2024, but only by 1% or 2%, said Veronica Nigh, senior economist at The Fertilizer Institute in Arlington, Virginia.

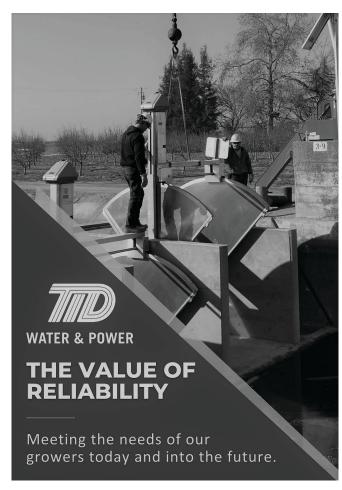
World Ag Expo highlights high-tech solutions for farm challenges

The World Ag Expo, celebrated as the largest outdoor farm trade show on the planet, lured throngs of attendees last week eager to see the latest in agricultural technology. Amid field demonstrations

and more than 1,200 exhibits at the Feb. 13-15 event at the International Agri-Center in Tulare, expo presenters pitched agricultural innovation as a means to address farm labor challenges. Numerous equipment manufacturers showed off autonomous or efficiency-enhancing machinery as potential answers to farmers' struggles with rising labor costs and decreasing worker availability.

USDA approves use of phosphine gas on citrus in quarantine areas

California citrus growers and packers within the Redlands Oriental fruit fly quarantine area of San Bernardino and Riverside counties now have a new postharvest treatment option. The U.S. Department of Agriculture earlier this month approved the use of phosphine fumigation in combination with five days of cold treatment as a postharvest treatment. That will allow growers to move fresh fruit from noncore areas of the quarantine to areas outside the quarantine. USDA said it approved phosphine fumigation because existing postharvest treatment options are not "economically viable."



Harvesting Safety ~ The Role of Digital Marketing in **Enhancing Agricultural Safety Practices**

Written by Kathryn Kim Ramos, Sisbro Innovation Website and Digital Marketing Consultant

In the rapidly evolving landscape of agriculture, the integration of digital marketing into agricultural safety (Ag Safety) initiatives presents a transformative opportunity. Adopting digital tools and platforms can significantly enhance the effectiveness of safety programs, providing innovative ways to educate, engage, and protect those involved in the sector.

Agriculture, known for its critical role in feeding the global population, is also an industry that poses significant risks to its workforce. The challenges are vast, from the operation of heavy machinery to handling chemicals and exposure to extreme weather conditions. However, with the advent of digital marketing, there is a new frontier for promoting safety practices that can reduce accidents and health issues among agricultural workers.

Digital marketing, with its wide reach and dynamic capabilities, offers an unparalleled platform for Ag Safety campaigns.

Through social media, email newsletters, blogs, and interactive websites, information about best practices, safety equipment, training programs, and regulatory changes can be disseminated quickly and efficiently to a broad audience. This immediacy and breadth of reach were unimaginable a few decades ago, providing a unique advantage in spreading critical safety information.

One of the strengths of digital marketing in Ag Safety is its ability to target specific audiences with tailored messages. Farmers, agribusinesses, and agricultural workers can receive customized information directly relevant to their daily activities and risks. For instance, a digital campaign could target vineyard workers with specific safety tips for pesticide use or grain farmers with guidance on silo safety. This level of specificity enhances the relevance and impact of the safety messages, increasing the likelihood of adoption and behavioral change.

Moreover, digital platforms facilitate interactive and engaging learning experiences. Through online training modules, virtual reality simulations, and instructional videos, agricultural workers can gain a deeper understanding of safety practices in a more engaging way. These interactive tools improve knowledge retention and allow for a hands-on approach to learning safety

protocols without the associated risks.

The analytics capabilities of digital marketing also play a crucial role in enhancing Ag Safety initiatives. By analyzing data on engagement, reach, and the effectiveness of different messages, organizations can continuously refine their strategies to improve outcomes. This data-driven approach ensures that resources are focused on the most effective tactics, maximizing the impact of safety campaigns.

The fusion of Ag Safety and digital marketing represents a powerful approach to mitigating the risks associated with agricultural work. We can create a safer and more informed industry by leveraging digital tools to spread awareness, educate, and engage the agricultural community. As digital marketing continues to evolve, its role in promoting Ag Safety will undoubtedly grow, offering new opportunities to protect those who work tirelessly to feed the world.

To enhance your company's online presence, whether it's creating a new website, updating an existing one, or seeking a virtual assistant for social media or phone support, visit www.sisbroinnovation.com. You can also contact Sisbro Innovation directly at (800) 291-9102 for further assistance.



















PARTS | SERVICE | SALES | LEASING | RENTALS | USED EQUIPMENT | NEW EQUIPMENT

ALSO HANDLES

- COMPACT TRACTOR RENTALS
- PEERLESS DRYING EQUIPMENT
- DONALDSON FILTER
- AGCO HESSTON HAY EQUIPMENT
 SCHMEISER TILLAGE/ORCHARD EQUIPMENT
 - JAYLOR FEEDING EQUIPMENT
 - PARTS & SERVICES ON MOST BRANDS OF EQUIPMENT

Why are EU Farmers Protesting?

By Dave Salmonsen

Tractors are in the streets in Paris, Rome, Brussels and many other cities and towns across Europe this winter. The continuing farmer protests in several European countries have many motivations, some common to all and some particular to specific nations. European farmers are burdened by debt, the continuing economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, lower grain prices due to disruptions from the war in Ukraine, climate-driven regulations, import competition and an agricultural support system that is not able to cope with these challenges.

It is also an election year in the European Union – for the EU Parliament in June 2024, with the formation of a new EU Commission also on the horizon. There are also upcoming national elections in several countries, including Austria, Belgium and the United Kingdom.

Specific nations have their individual reasons for protests. Farmers' top concerns vary from Germans protesting government cuts in diesel subsidies to French protests against trade deals and environmental rules that add costs and lower production.

Polish farmers have blocked border crossings to stop imports of lower-priced grain from Ukraine. Farmers in Belgium, Italy, Greece, the Czech Republic and Spain are also taking to the streets to show the public their anger about new and costly rules that are being imposed on farmers. They are fed up with mandates and regulations designed without their input.

Farmers across Europe are urging EU officials to deal with farmers' concerns over prices and bureaucratic rules that limit their ability to produce food and prosper. In response, the EU Commission is taking action to stop a new rule, part of the EU's so-called Farm to Fork strategy to deal with climate change, which would have required

farmers to cut their pesticide use in half by 2030.

A sign of what was to happen began in 2019 in the Netherlands. Farmers drove their tractors to a protest of the Dutch government's plan to sharply reduce nitrogen emissions from farms by halving the number of livestock in the country. Farmers formed a new political party that has achieved enough support to become a part of the government

of the government. Across the pond, farmers in the U.S. are dealing with some of the same issues as their European counterparts, but in a different way. Through the Food and Agriculture Climate Alliance, farmers worked with other groups to muster support for voluntary, market-driven and incentivebased programs to include sustainable practices in their farming operations. And farmers and ranchers are continuing discussions with Congress about the farm bill, pressing for assurance that the legislation is fiscally sound and responsive to producer's

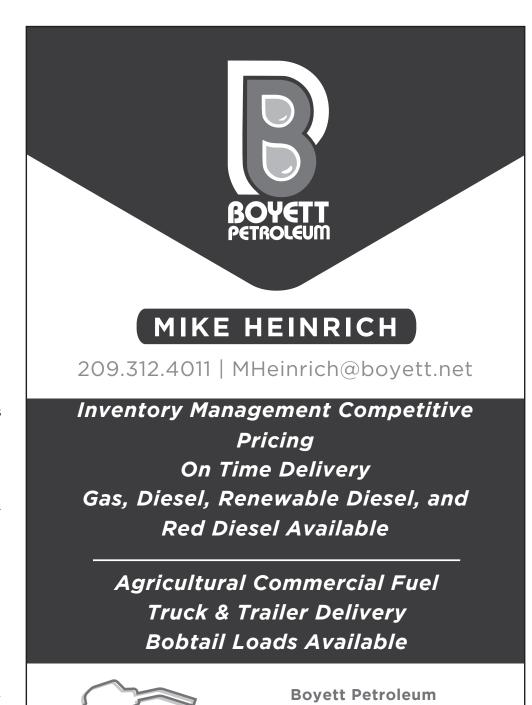
needs.

One thing seems certain – old lessons have to constantly be learned by those in power: working with your nation's farmers, instead of imposing top-down regulations, remains the best way to maintain a necessary and productive agriculture. Leaders must listen to those closest to the issues.

Dave Salmonsen is senior director of government affairs at the American Farm Bureau Federation.

209.577.6000 | Boyett.net

601 McHenry Ave, Modesto, 95350



From "Census" on page 16

classes. Farms that are able often expand in size to capitalize on economies of scale, a concept rooted in the efficiency often gained as production increases. Larger farms can benefit from reduced per-unit costs due to bulk input purchasing, streamlined operations and enhanced bargaining power with suppliers. Mechanization and modern technology, which often come with substantial upfront costs, are more economically justifiable for larger operations, further boosting productivity. Unsurprisingly, the latest census data underscores that farms making such investments tend to fare better. Notably, farms in the \$0 -\$4,999 and \$5,000 -\$49,999 economic classes, constituting over 70% of total farms, often rely on alternative income sources. Those in the \$0 - \$4,999 economic class, especially, are more likely to be operations participating in agriculture for leisure or personal interest as opposed to income reliance. Declines in operations in these categories may be linked to the cost associated with supporting a side business that may no longer be sustainable but has limited impacts on total domestic food production.

Farm Typology
USDA also reports the number of farms and acres operated by farm type. This section of the report captures the different ownership structures of farming operations and includes: family-held corporations, family and individual filings, partnerships, corporations (excluding

family held) and "other" which includes institutional, research, reservations and other owner entities. Family and individual filings, partnerships and family-held corporations represented 97% (1.884 million) of all farms in 2022 (down from 97.2% in 2017). Corporations other than family held made up 1% (18,960) of all farms and the "other" category made up the remaining 2.2% (37,480) farms.

Analyzing in terms of acreage managed by these operation types provides a better understanding of the proportion of agricultural production in the category. In 2022, family and individual filings, partnerships and family-held corporations represented 91% (801 million) of all acres operated in the U.S. Family and individual filings represented 58% of operated acreage alone (down slightly from 60% in 2017). Non-family-held corporations represented 2% (16.6 million) of acreage operated, up from 1.4% in 2017. "Other" entities operated 7.1% (62.4 million) of acres in 2022, much of which was concentrated in Western states with substantial land in American Indian reservations. The overwhelming majority of farmland in the U.S. continues to be operated by family-based ownership structures. By state, Hawaii had the highest percentage of acres operated by nonfamily-held corporations (28.5%), followed by Rhode Island (17.3%) and Florida (7%). In Alaska and New Hampshire no farm acreage was managed by non-family-held corporations.

Conclusion

The 2022 Census of Agriculture provides an in-depth look at the U.S. farm landscape over the past five years. With a loss of 141,733 farm operations, representing a 7% decline, and reduction of 20.1 million acres under cultivation, equivalent to the size of Maine, the agriculture sector has faced significant shifts. Though the data shows an ongoing consolidation of farms into fewer, larger operations, it also highlights the adaptability of farmers and ranchers. Despite fewer farms and reduced acreage, the value of agricultural production has increased by 40% (17% in inflation-adjusted dollars), reaching \$543 billion in 2022. This increase in productivity underscores the impact of technological advancements and efficiency gains, allowing farmers to produce more with fewer resources. The magnitude of changes is not uniform across states, with the Southwest experiencing a much higher percentage loss in farms than states east of the Mississippi. The challenges faced by farms of all sizes has raised calls for a robust and comprehensive farm bill that could provide support to the operations most at risk and to those providing the lion's share of the American food supply, helping both to navigate economic uncertainties and regulatory complexities, to undertake innovative and sustainable practices, and to promote the long-term viability of a diverse agricultural landscape across the nation. The Census of Agriculture paints the picture of what we have lost, and of what more could be lost without firm support.

GROW YOUR AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS ONLINE WITH SISBRO INNOVATION!

Unlock Digital Success for Your Farm in Modesto, CA



- Elevate your farm's online presence with Sisbro Innovation's expert website and marketing solutions.
 Our Pay As You Go Website Program offers an affordable and flexible solution, allowing you to maintain a strong online presence without a hefty upfront investment.
- From website development to online marketing strategies, we specialize in helping agricultural businesses thrive in the digital landscape.
- Our team understands the unique needs of the agricultural industry, delivering tailored solutions that drive growth and visibility.
- With Sisbro Innovation by your side, your farm can reach new markets, attract customers, and increase revenue.
- Based in Modesto, CA, we're locally owned and operated, offering personalized service and support to our fellow farmers.

Nurturing Digital Growth for the Agricultural Industry!



Visit
www.SisbroInnovation.com or
call (800) 291-9102 to
schedule a consultation

Exclusive Offer for Farm Bureau Members

Mention this ad for a complimentary website

evaluation and consultation. Let us help you sow the seeds of your online success!

New CalOSHA Requirement, Workplace Violence Prevention

By Vicky Boyd

Nearly all employers in the state will have to develop and implement a workplace violence prevention plan by July 1 under legislation passed in 2023.

Known as Senate Bill 533, it requires employers to provide annual employee training, with the first round beginning before July 1, as well as maintain logs of workplace violence incidences.

To help provide employers with information about the new law, the Stanislaus Farm Bureau, San Joaquin Farm Bureau and California Farm Bureau-affiliated Farm Employers Employment Service hosted a virtual seminar recently. More than 1,000 people logged on to view it.

Providing a legal perspective was Rebecca Hause-Schultz, a partner in the Sacramento office of the national labor relations law firm of Fisher Phillips.

Bryan Little, CFBF director of employment policy and FELS chief operating officer, has been urging the California Occupational Safety and Health Administration to develop a template employers can use to develop their own individual programs before the July deadline. Based on recent conversations with the state, he expected it by the end of March.

Until then, Little recommended employers not draft their own plans because they can only guess what the state expects of them. "I think it's going to be close to impossible to create one on your own that's going to be compliant," he said. "That's why I suggest people wait for the agency to publish their template.

"If you're using a plan that's based on the agency template, it's going to be really difficult for them to say you're not complying as long as you're doing the things that the plan says you're going to do."

Once the template is available, FELS will provide it and additional information to its subscribers and clients.

As with other previous safety programs, Little recommended employers develop a discreet plan for violence prevention and keep it separate from their illness and injury prevention plan, heat illness prevention plan and wildfire smoke protection program. And every step, from identifying and remediating hazards to employee training, should be documented.

"One of the maxims of living in California is if you don't have a written record of that, it didn't happen," Little said.

Upon first glance, the workplace violence plan may appear similar to the illness and injury prevention plan the state required beginning in 1991. But Hause-Schultz said the violence program expands employers' requirements to not only identify the hazards but track and record each incident and their responses. In addition, they must keep the records for five years.

The law is the first of its kind in the nation. "They have to have a plan for hazard identification and investigation, so this is a heavy lift on employers and a real new framework for employers to be navigating," she said.

Developing and implementing a workplace violence prevention plan also differs from

Workplace violence defined

The legislation broadly defines workplace violence as a "threat of physical force in a place of employment" whether the employee sustained injury or not. This could include two coworkers - one a Warriors fan and the other a Sacramento Kings fan getting into a verbal argument about a recent basketball game. It also covers more serious potential violence, such as a disgruntled customer threatening an employee or an intimate partner coming onto the worksite intending to cause bodily harm, Little said.





LOCAL AGRICULTURE **FINANCING**

MODESTO TURLOCK PATTERSON

MERCED LOS BANOS OAKDALE

yosemitefarmcredit.com 🚯 📵 🛅





DAIRY LOANS • ORCHARD DEVELOPMENT • LAND PURCHASES • CROP LOANS • EQUIPMENT LOANS

previous accident and illness prevention efforts in that employees now need to be involved. But Little said it doesn't have to be formal and instead could be something as simple as having conversations with employees about their on-site security concerns.

Their input could be something as straightforward as the unlocked front door poses a risk and there's not always somebody at the front desk to screen visitors. What can we do to restrict building entry?

Because workplaces evolve throughout the year, Little said employers should talk to workers periodically about potential new considerations.

And violence concerns and ways to address them will vary with the environment. Workers harvesting crops in the field will likely have different worries than those working in a packinghouse or office setting.

Identifying hazards

Much like other worker protection plans, the violence plan requires that employers identify potential hazards and then document how they were addressed, including a date. Little said attaching a photograph, if possible, provides additional documentation.

Should a violent act occur, the employer would also need to document it and their response. In the example of the sports fans who were arguing, Little said employers may want to separate the workers and discuss with each separately that this is not appropriate workplace behavior.

Afterward, the employer would document the discussion, including a date and any possible recommendations, in the violence prevention plan binder. Some employers also like to have workers sign a statement saying they understood the issue and the suggested improvements.

> In addition, the legislation requires the violence prevention plan to include procedures on how to respond to workplace violence emergencies, warning systems, contacting appropriate law enforcement or other security personnel, and sheltering protocols.

Should an emergency occur, the employer is required to provide immediate medical care and counseling afterward, if needed, to affected workers.

The legislation also requires an incident investigation, although Little said it essentially is a follow-up that described the incident, the response and any possible changes that could prevent it from happening again.

Annual training

Like the other worker protection plans, the violence prevention plan requires employees receive at least annual training to make sure they fully understand. This includes knowing how to spot unsafe behaviors, how to report concerns and the actions to take should workplace violence occurs.

As part of documentation, employers should record who conducted the training, when it was conducted and who attended. Even after training, Little said, employers need to ensure employee compliance with periodic evaluations of who is and isn't following workplace violence prevention practices. For those who have become lax, additional training may be warranted. He said Cal-OSHA takes these laws seriously and has continued to increase fines, which top out at \$158,000 for willful violation.

Despite the additional time and paperwork, Little said these worker protection plans also have had some positive effects.

"There are a lot of ongoing conversations about issues like harassment and discrimination corrections that get people back to exercising appropriate decorum and appropriate behavior in the workplace," he said.

"In the professional work environment, how do we make sure that some of the behavior that was tolerated in the past can't be tolerated now?"













- Fertilizer
- Crop Protection
- Seed
- Feed
- LivestockEquipment
- Animal Health
- Garden Supplies
- And More!!!

Farm Supply Thanks You For Your Support!

As a farmer-owned cooperative we have been providing the Products, Services and Expertise that deliver consistent results for our growers since 1949.

Whether you're a Farmer or a Homeowner; we have you covered with the best products and services in the industry.



Open to the Public, Stop By Today!

Modesto

624 E. Service Rd. Modesto, CA 95358 (209) 538-7070 Merced

674 S. Highway 59 Merced, CA 95341 (209) 723-0704 Kerman

12800 W. Shields Ave Kerman, CA 93630 (559) 474-4400

"We Take Care of The Farmer....Because We Are Owned by The Farmer".